

# THE IDEAL MODEL

- What are the Ideal Models?

- How does this relate to your coaching?

- How do athletes achieve an Ideal Model?



# **GymMix Lesson Plan Builder**(Gymnastics Australia)

# **IDEAL MODELS**

**Basic Positions** 



# **STRAIGHT POSITION**

# KCP (Key Coaching Points)

- Tight, straight body position.
- Legs straight and squeezed together.
- Toes pointed.



# **TUCK POSITION**

#### **KCP**

- Knees bent, legs close to chest.
- Hands on shins.
- Head in neutral
- Toes pointed.

## **STRADDLE POSITION**



#### **KCP**

- Legs straight and horizontal.
- Chest and eyes up, head in neutral.
- Hands on shins.
- Toes pointed.

### **PIKE POSITION**

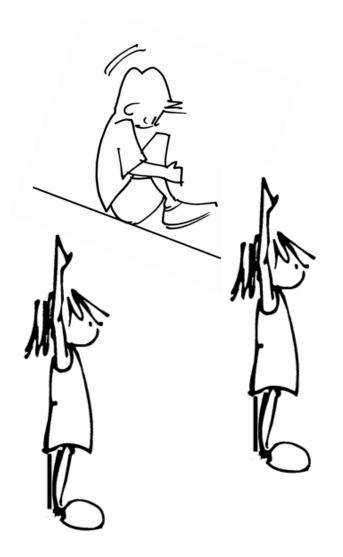


### **KCP**

- Legs straight and squeezed together.
- Head in neutral.
- Hands on shins.
- Toes pointed.

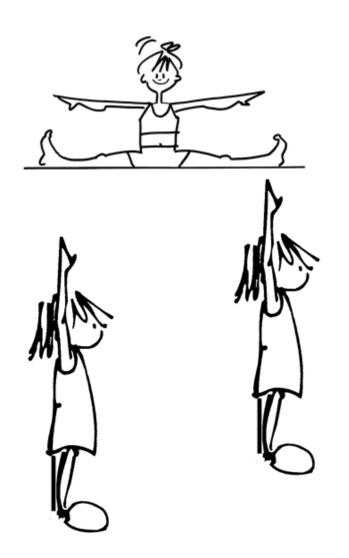
# **IDEAL MODELS**

Basic Jumps



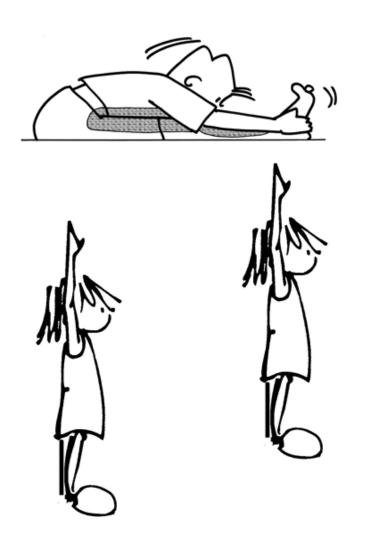
## **TUCK JUMP**

- Strong vertical start
  - Arms straight and raised.
  - Legs squeezed and together.
  - Toes pointed.
- Fast tuck shape
  - Knees bend into chest.
  - Head neutral.
  - Hands touch shins.
- Extension to straight shape.
- Vertical finish.



## **STRADDLE JUMP**

- Strong vertical start
  - Arms straight and raised.
  - Legs squeezed.
  - Toes pointed.
- Fast straddle shape
  - Legs straight and horizontal.
  - Head neutral.
  - Hands touch shins.
- Extension to straight shape.
- Vertical finish.



## **PIKE JUMP**

- Strong vertical start
  - Arms straight and raised.
  - Legs squeezed.
  - Toes pointed.
- Fast pike shape
  - Legs straight and toes pointed.
  - Head neutral.
  - Hands touch shins.
- Extension to straight shape.
- Vertical finish.

## **Extensions**

The ideal model of every basic jump involves a vertical start and finish using a basic formula of;

### **Straight – SHAPE – Straight**

This is called an extension or 'kick-out' and is a basic component of every somersaulting skill. It is vital that we teach our athletes their basic jumps using this technique so they are better prepared when learning more advanced skills.

## The 3 Phases

There are three phases to every jump.

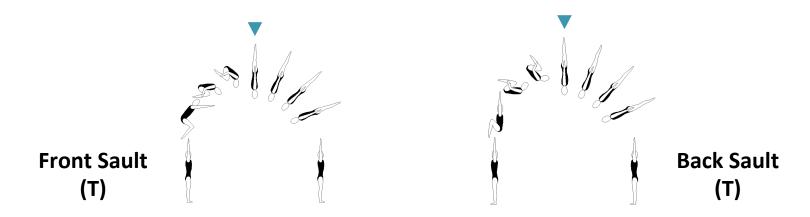
- The **Take-Off** Phase
- The **Flight** Phase
- The **Landing** Phase

This directly relates back to the positions of a basic jump.

Straight - SHAPE - Straight Take-Off - Flight - Landing

## **Extensions**

Extensions should always take place at the top of the **flight** phase of every skill. This is the **apex** or the **highest point** of the jump.



In somersaults, this is at inverted vertical or when the feet are pointed towards 12 o'clock.



# **EXTENSIONS**

- Sharp transition to straight shape.
- Tight, straight body position.
- Arms held straight by side.
- Legs squeezed together.
- Head in neutral.

# **IDEAL MODELS**

**Landing Shapes** 

# **KCP: SEAT LANDING**

Vertical start, straight body position

Chest and shoulders held upright

Hands flat with fingers pointing forward

Arms straight and raised tall

Eyes focused towards end of flyway

Arms and shoulders raise, hips open

Core squeezed

Hips bend, toes lift up

Toes pointed

Legs straight and squeezed together

Arms snap down to side, hands by hips

Vertical finish, straight body position

# **KCP: BACK LANDING**

Vertical start, straight body position

Legs straight and squeezed together

Leg position held off bed

Arms straight and raised tall

Toes pointed

Extend through toes to straight position

Hips bend, toes lift up

Shoulders and hip land simultaneously

Core squeezed

Eyes focused towards end of flyway

Back flat on bed, legs and arms squeezed

Vertical finish, straight body position

# **KCP: FRONT LANDING**

Vertical start, straight body position

Eyes focused towards end of flyway

Strong push from arms, shoulders raise

Arms straight and raised tall

Elbows bend, hands raise to below chin

Core squeezed, body remains straight

Hips open, toes push back

Body lands flat, slight bend at the knees

Vertical finish, straight body position

Head in neutral



# But why does it matter?

## **Ideal Models in Context**

Ideal models are the best possible version of the skill, they have no deductions. Skills that do not use the ideal technique will incur deductions.

Due to new guidelines brought in with the 2017-2020 Code of Points, athletes now have a very small margin for error when passing levels. This means that if an athlete wants to pass a level, they can only afford to incur a very small amount of deductions. It is therefore in the best interest of every athlete to train the ideal model.

# **Level 1 Trampoline Routine**

Pass Score: Execution ≥ 8.9/10

**HD** ≥ 9.5

# **Level 2 Trampoline Routine**

Pass Score: Execution ≥ 8.3/10

**HD** ≥ 9.2

# How do we achieve the Ideal Model?

#### 1. Awareness

The athletes need to know what they should be aiming to do. If they don't know, they're never going to get it right.

# 2. Conditioning

The athletes must be physically able to perform the skill, this means they must be strong enough, flexible enough and have enough time (can jump high enough).

# 3. Practice and Repetition

The athletes need to have the opportunity to remember what it feels like to perform the ideal model. Additionally, they need to be reminded to practice the ideal model every time they train.

# How do we achieve achieving the Ideal Model?

#### 1. Awareness

<u>Progressions and Preparation:</u> Explain the movement to the athlete using lead up drills, breaking each skill down into its basic elements, so they can understand how their body should move.

<u>Demonstration:</u> Use senior athletes to show what a good/bad/ideal position looks like.

<u>Competition:</u> Have the athletes show you their best positions, give them a score out of ten and let them know what they need to do to improve, repeat this until they are performing the ideal model.

# How do we achieve achieving the Ideal Model?

# 2. Conditioning

<u>Identify Areas of Weakness:</u> Choose conditioning exercises based on the areas where the athlete has the most room for improvement.

Make it fun: Conditioning doesn't have to be boring. Lots of conditioning exercises can be turned into games and competitions. For static conditioning (e.g. plank hold or wall sit), you can always use things like trivia questions or riddles to keep the athletes preoccupied.

# How do we achieve achieving the Ideal Model?

# 3. Practice and Repetition

Reinforcement: Once the athlete knows the ideal model, don't let them forget it. Don't let them be lazy. Reinforce good positions and call out bad ones. Tell them they know how to do it properly, ask them if that was the best that they could do.

Make it fun: Get the athletes to compete against each other. Who does the best? Ask them to judge and coach each other. What could this athlete have done better?

So...
let's talk about

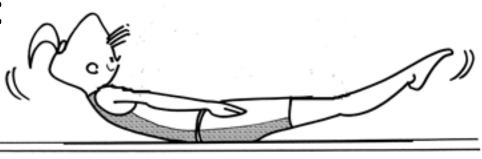
CONDITIONING



# Conditioning The Straight Shape



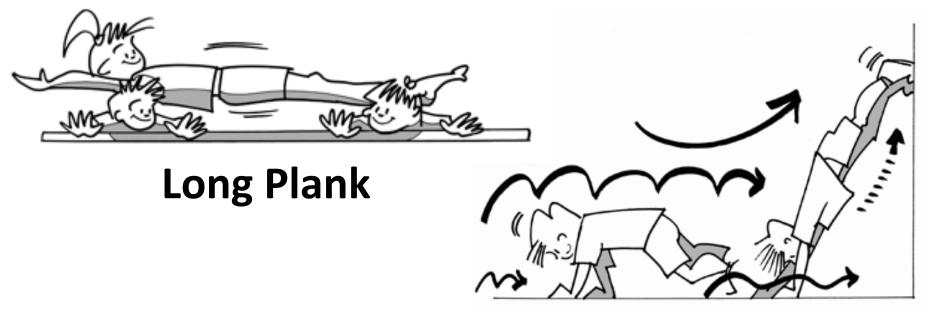
**Front and Back Support** 



**Statics** 

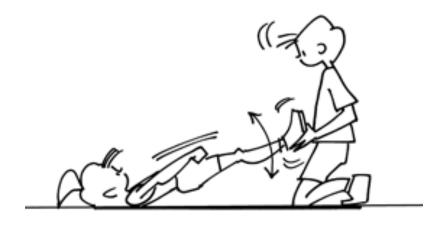
**Dish and Superhero Hold** 

# **Plank Hold**



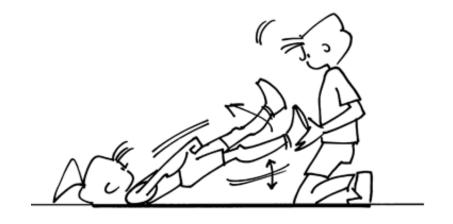
**Statics** 

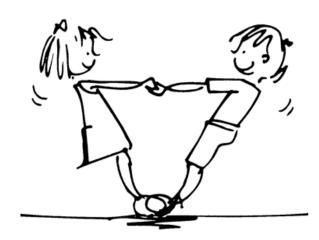
**Handstand Hold** 



**Body Tension Exercise** 

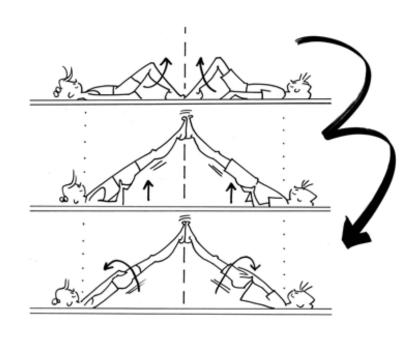
# Partner Work



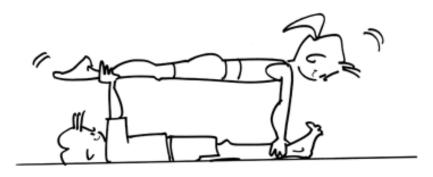


**Counter Balance** 

# Partner Work



**Supporting Balance** 





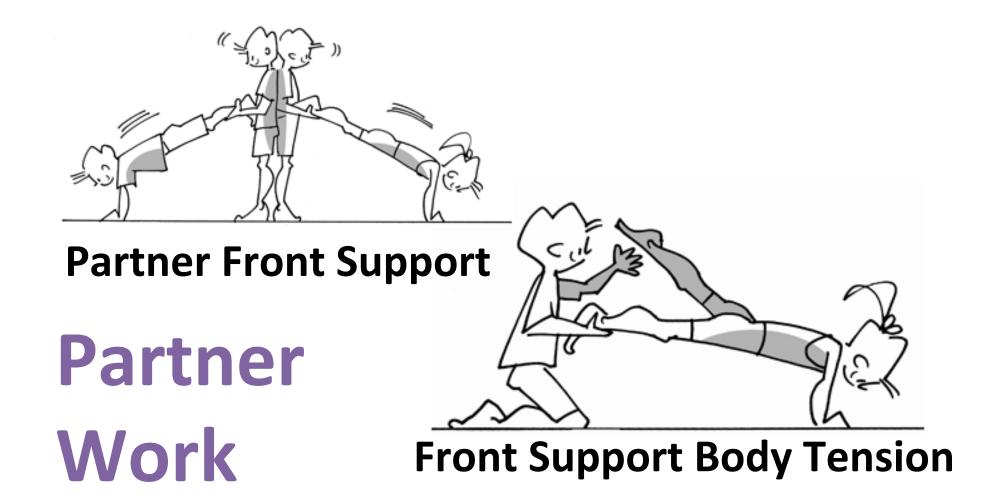
**Standing Caterpillar** 

**Front Support Balance** 

# Partner Work



**Front Support Hi-Five** 





Truck Walk

# Partner Work

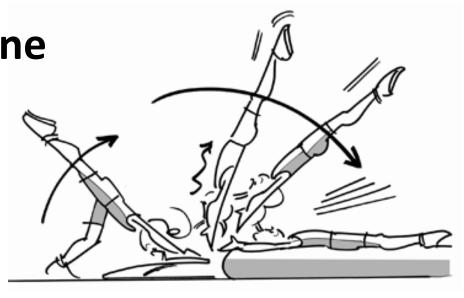


Climb Through

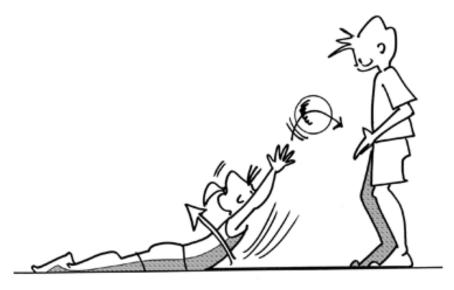
#### **Handstand Fall to Front Support**

**Straight Jumps Along Line** 

**Falling Tree** 



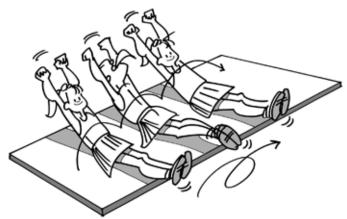
**Handstand Flatback** 



**Seal Toss** 



**Dish/Superhero Rocks** 

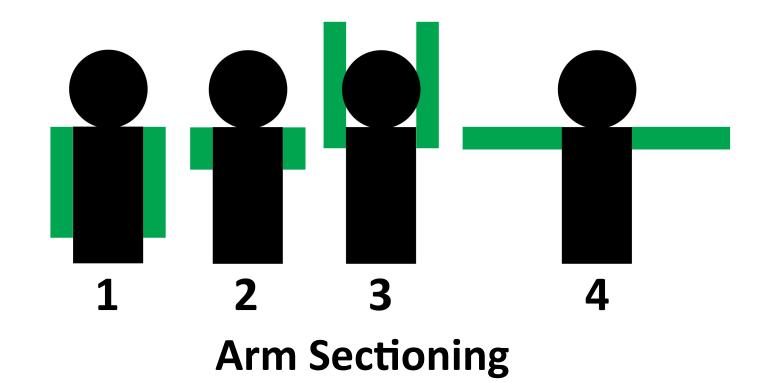


**Log Rolls** 

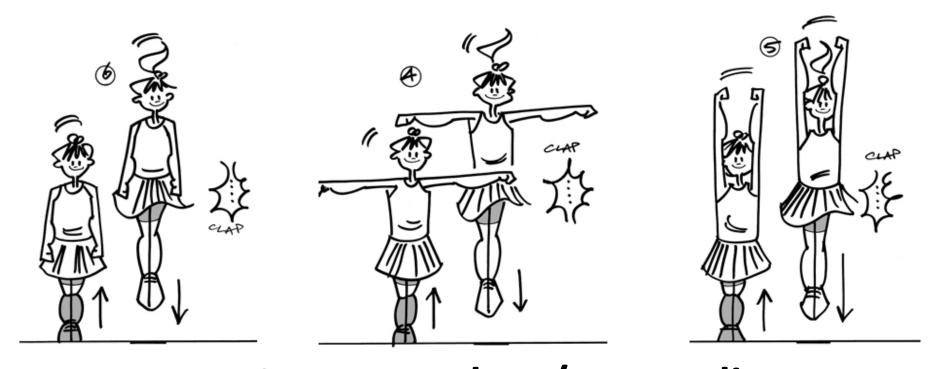


**Dynamics** 

Skipping



## Technique



Pogo Jumps on Floor/Trampoline

## Technique



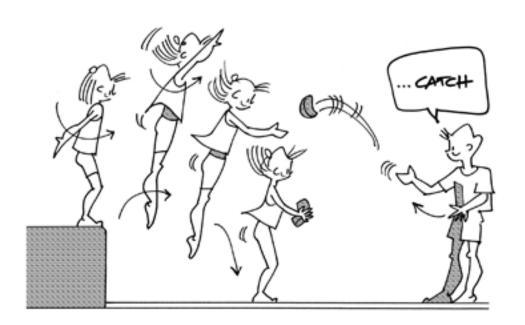
**Punch Straight Jump** 

Technique

**Gainer to Flatback** 



Straight Jump
On Single Mini







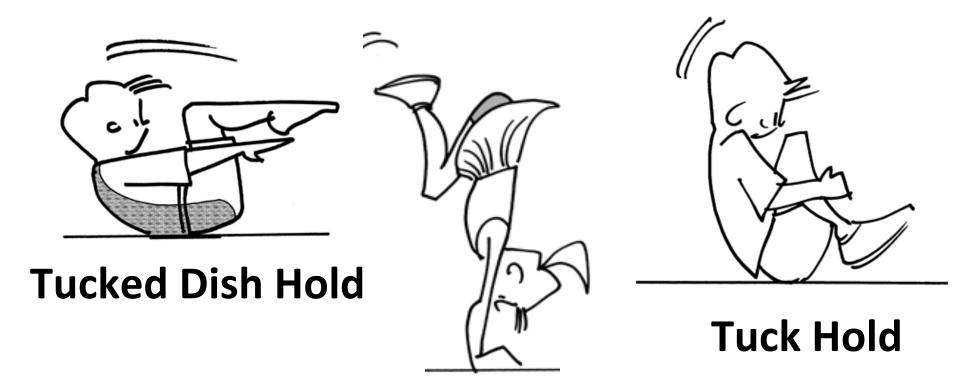
## Technique

### **Conditioning For The Straight Shape**

1.	Front Support	17.	Climb Through
2.	Back Support	18.	Straight Jumps Along Line
3.	Dish Hold	19.	Falling Tree
4.	Superhero Hold	20.	Handstand Flatback
5.	Plank Hold	21.	Handstand Fall to Front Support
6.	Long Plank	22.	Seal Toss
7.	Handstand hold	23.	Dish Rocks
8.	Partner Body Tension Exercise	24.	Superman Rocks
9.	Straight Body Counter Balance	25.	Log Rolls
10.	Candlestick Supporting Balance	26.	Skipping
11.	Front Support Partner Balance	27.	Arm Sectioning
12.	Standing Caterpillar	28.	Pogo Jumps
13.	Front Support Hi-Five	29.	Punch Straight Jump
14.	Partner Front Support	30.	Straight Jump on Single Mini
15.	Front Support Body Tension	31.	Gainer to Flatback
16.	Truck Walk	32.	Straight Jump off Raised Surface

FLOOR	TUMBLING	FLOOR	TUMBLING		
Activity 1: Positions	Activity 1: Tumbling	Activity 1: Flexibility	Activity 1: Tumbling		
Demonstrate the following static positions on floor.	Walking on White Line	Hold the following static stretches on floor for 5 seconds.	Walking on White Line		
> Tuck	➤ Forwards ➤ Backwards ➤ Side to Side	> Straddle	➤ Forwards ➤ Backwards ➤ Side to Side		
➤ Seat	5 Straight Jumps Forwards	Activity 2: Coordination	Jumping on White Line Backwards		
<ul><li>➤ Hands and Knees</li><li>➤ Motorbike Check</li></ul>	5 Straight Jumps Side to Side	Backward Arm Circles Positions 1, 2, 3, 4	Jumping off Box Backwards		
Activity 2: Coordination	5 Beginner Bunny Hops	Activity 3: Balance	5 Bunny Hops		
Forward Arm Circles	Log Roll in slow motion	Balance Sequence	5 Sideways Bunny Hops		
Backward Arm Circles	5 Assisted Rock n Rolls	<ul> <li>Move raised leg to point toe out in front</li> <li>Move leg to point toe out to side</li> </ul>	5 Log Roll		
Pogo on Floor	Assisted Forward Rolls	➤ Move leg to point toe behind  ➤ Stand on two feet together	Seal Walk		
Activity 3: Balance	Activity 2: Hurdling	➤ Repeat on other leg	5 Rock n Rolls		
Balance Sequence	Standing Hurdle	Bosu Ball  ➤ Stand on two feet with eyes open;	Forward Rolls		
➤ Move raised leg to point toe out in front ➤ Move leg to point toe behind □ ➤ Stand on two feet together □ ➤ Repeat on other leg	Running Hurdle	hold for 15 seconds.  ➤ Stand on one foot with eyes open; hold for 5 seconds.	Assisted Backward Rolls		
Bosu Ball  > Stand on two feet with eyes open; hold for 10 seconds.  > Stand on one foot with eyes open;		<ul> <li>Stand on other foot with eyes open; hold for 5 seconds.</li> <li>Stand on two feet with eyes closed; hold for 7 seconds.</li> </ul>			
hold for 3 seconds.  > Stand on other foot with eyes open; hold for 3 seconds.		Activity 4: Cardio  6 Tuck Jumps in a row on a crash mat	TRAMPOLINE		
Stand on two feet with eyes closed; hold for 5 seconds.	TRAMPOLINE	Activity 5: Core Strength	Activity 1: Timed Bouncing		
Activity 4: Cardio	Activity 1: Bouncing and stopping	Hold the following static positions on floor	Perform the following sets of		
3 Tuck Jumps in a row on a crash mat	5 Pogo Jumps	for 10 seconds, break for 30 seconds, x 3.	Basic Skills on Tramp.		
	Stopping	> Dish	> 10 Straight Jumps > 2 Tuck Jumps		
	5 Straight Jumps	<ul><li>Superman Dish</li><li>Plank on Hands</li></ul>	➤ 2 Straddle Jumps		
5 ½ Twist Jumps on floor	COACH NAME	<ul> <li>➢ Plank on Swiss Ball under knees</li> <li>➢ Self-Supported Plank</li> </ul>	➤ 2 Pike Jumps		
Activity 5: Core Strength	COACHTAILE	> Flat Back Plank Leg Lift	COACH NAME		
Hold the following static positions on floor for 5 seconds, break for 15 seconds, x 3.	COACH SIGNATURE	3 Thorny Devil Walks	COACH SIGNATURE		
> Dish	DATE	3 Slow Tuck Snaps	DATE		
▶ Plank on hands		3 Falling Tree	DATE		

# Conditioning The Tuck Shape



**Tucked Handstand Hold** 

**Statics** 



**Partner Tuck Handstand** 

# Partner Work



**Rock and Roll to Stand** 

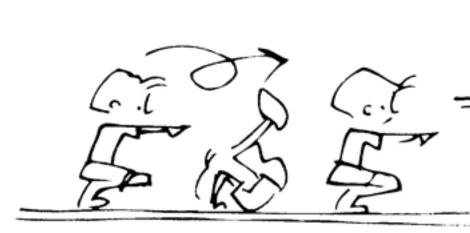


**Rock and Rolls** 





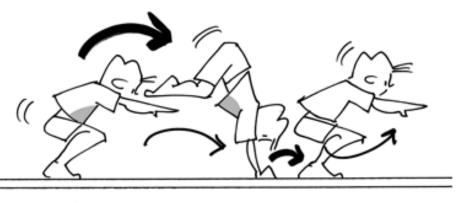
Tuck Jumps on Crash Mat





**Tuck Snaps** 

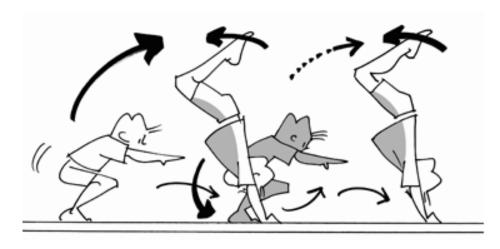
Forward Roll
(And Backward Roll)



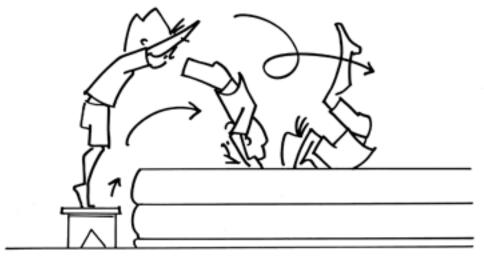
**Bunny Hops** 

## Bunny Hop to Handstand

Bunny Hop to Handstand Flatback



Donkey Kicks on Trampoline



Forward Roll to Flatback

Forward Roll to Raised Mats

**Dive Roll** 

**Roll Ups** 

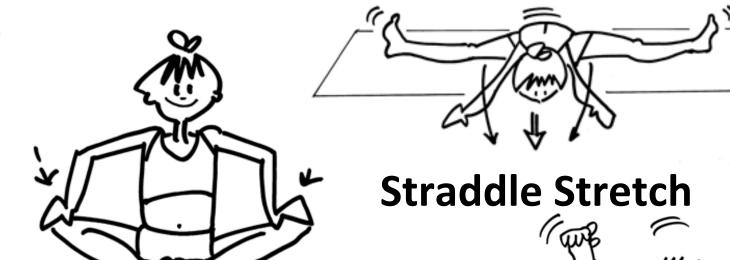
**Box Jumps** 

Technique

**Lots of Tuck Jumps** 

FLOOR			TUMBLING		FLOOR			TUMBLING	
Activity 1:	Positions		Activity 1: Tumbling		Activity 1:	Flexibility		Activity 1: Tumbling	
Demonstrate the following static positions on floor.			Walking on White Line		Hold the following static stretches on floor for 5 seconds.		Walking on White Line		
<ul><li>Tuck</li><li>Straddle</li><li>Pike</li></ul>			<ul> <li>Forwards</li> <li>Backwards</li> <li>Side to Side</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Straddle</li><li>Pike</li></ul>			<ul><li>➢ Forwards</li><li>➢ Backwards</li><li>➢ Side to Side</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Seat</li> <li>Hands and Knees</li> <li>Motorbike Check</li> </ul>			5 Straight Jumps Forwards		Activity 2:	Coordination		Jumping on White Line Backwards	
			5 Straight Jumps Side to Side		Backward Arm	Circles Positions 1, 2, 3, 4		Jumping off Box Backwards	
Activity 2:	Coordination		5 Beginner Bunny Hops		Activity 3:	Balance		5 Bunny Hops	
Forward Arm Circles			Log Roll in slow motion		Balance Sequ	ence d leg to point toe out in front		5 Sideways Bunny Hops	
Backward Arm	Circles		5 Assisted Rock n Rolls		Move leg to	point toe out to side		5 Log Roll	
Pogo on Floor			Assisted Forward Rolls			o point toe behind wo feet together		Seal Walk	
Activity 3:	Balance		Activity 2: Hurdling		Repeat on	other leg		5 Rock n Rolls	
Balance Sequence  Move raised leg to point toe out in front  Move leg to point toe behind  Stand on two feet together  Repeat on other leg			Standing Hurdle		Bosu Ball  Stand on to	wo feet with eyes open;		Forward Rolls	
			Running Hurdle		hold for 5 s	ne foot with eyes open;		Assisted Backward Rolls	
hold for 10	one foot with eyes open; seconds. other foot with eyes open; seconds. two feet with eyes closed;				hold for 5 s	seconds. wo feet with eyes closed;			
hold for 3 se					Activity 4:	Cardio			
hold for 3 se			TRAMPOLINE		6 Tuck Jumps	in a row on a crash mat		TRAMPOLINE	
hold for 5 se			Activity 1: Bouncing and stopping		Activity 5:	Core Strength		Activity 1: Timed Bouncing	
Activity 4:	Cardio		5 Pogo Jumps			ving static positions on floor s, break for 30 seconds, x 3.		Perform the following sets of Basic Skills on Tramp.	
3 Tuck Jumps i	in a row on a crash mat		Stopping		> Dish	o, productor of occornac, x c.	П	➤ 10 Straight Jumps	
5 Star Jumps in a row on floor			5 Straight Jumps		Superman			<ul> <li>2 Tuck Jumps</li> <li>2 Straddle Jumps</li> </ul>	
5 1/2 Twist Jumps on floor					<ul><li>Plank on H</li><li>Plank on S</li></ul>	lands wiss Ball under knees		> 2 Pike Jumps	
Activity 5:	Core Strength		COACH NAME		<ul> <li>Self-Supported Plank</li> <li>Flat Back Plank Leg Lift</li> </ul>			COACH NAME	
Hold the following static positions on floor for 5 seconds, break for 15 seconds, x 3.			COACH SIGNATURE		3 Thorny Devi	l Walks		COACH SIGNATURE	
> Dish			DATE		3 Slow Tuck S	Snaps		DATE	
> Plank on hands			-		3 Falling Tree			DATE	

# Conditioning The Straddle Shape



**Butterfly** 

**Statics** 



**Straddle Sit** 



**Straddle Hold** 





**Side Scale** 

## Partner Work

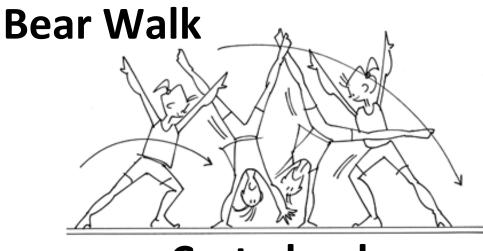


**Pull Through** 

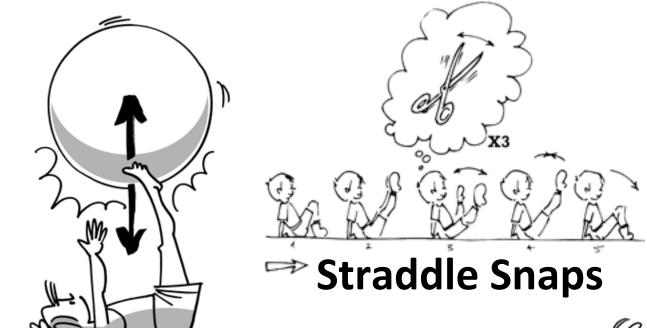


**Swing Kicks** 

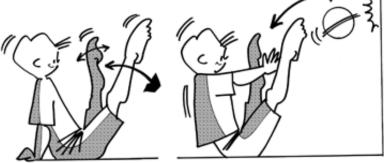




**Cartwheels** 



**Throw and Snap** 



**Through Throws** 

### **Straddle Jumps on Different Equipment**

## Technique

# Conditioning The Pike Shape

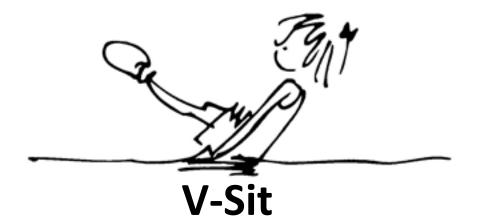


V-Sit with Rope

**Statics** 



**Pike Stretch** 





**Hamstring Stretch (Bent Leg)** 

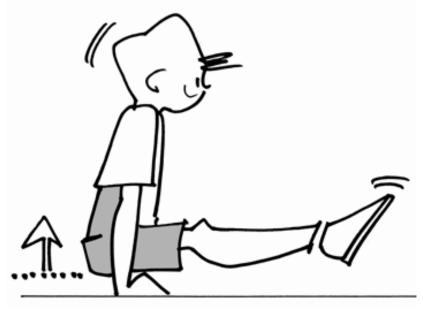


**Statics** 

**Hamstring Stretch (Straight Leg)** 



**Raised L-Sit** 



**L-Sit** 

### **Statics**



Partner Shoulder Stretch

# Partner Work

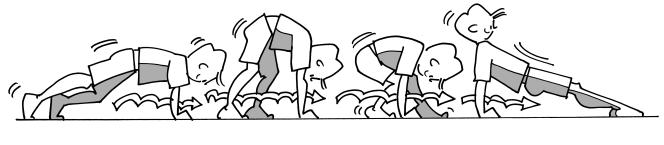


**Partner V-Sit** 

# Partner Work



**Leg Raises** 



**Inch Worm** 

Caterpillar

V-Snaps

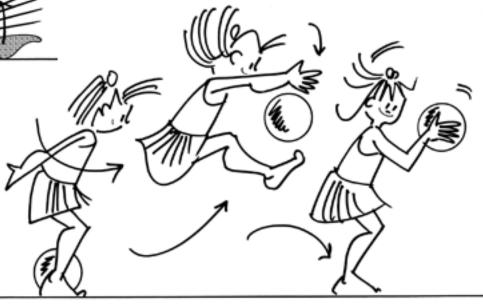
**Pike Rolls** 



**Pike Rebounds** 



**Pike Sit Throws** 



**Jump Throws** 

### Pike Jumps on Different Equipment

## Technique

#### **Common Errors**

#### **Straight Jump**

- No arm circles.
- Arms tapping instead of circling.
- Back arching in lifting phase.
- Piking down.
- Toes not pointed.

#### **Tuck Jump**

- Open tuck shape.
- No extension (kick-out).
- Back arching in extension.
- Arms lifting too early.
- Toes not pointed.

#### **Common Errors**

#### Straddle Jump

- Legs below vertical.
- Hands between legs.
- No extension (kick-out).
- Back arching in extension.
- Toes not pointed.

#### Pike Jump

- Legs below vertical.
- Legs bent.
- No extension (kick-out).
- Back arching in extension.
- Toes not pointed.

### **Positions in Landing Skills**

**Seat Landing** 

**Back Landing** 

**Front Landing** 

Straight Jump

V

Pike Shape

V

Straight Jump

Straight Jump

V

Pike Shape

V

Straight Jump

Straight Jump

V

Straight Shape

V

Straight Jump



**Jump Throws** 

Straight Jump
On Single Mini





Raised L-Sit





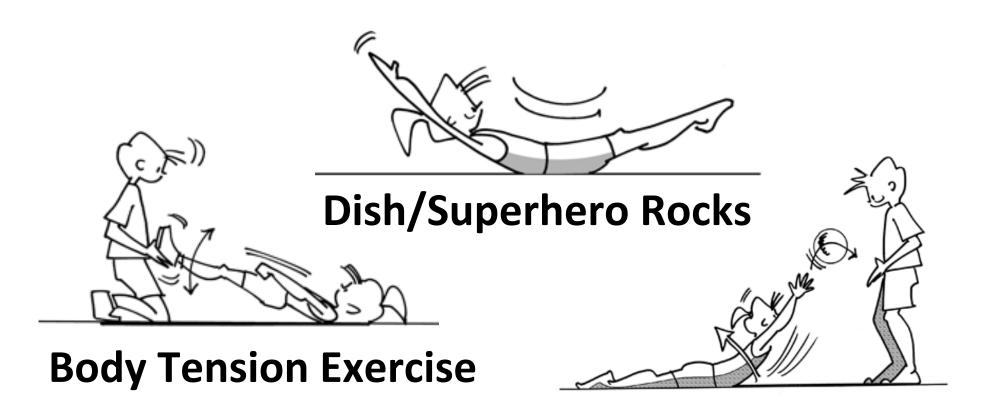
V-Sit with Rope

**Leg Raises** 

## **Back Drop Drills**



V-Sit



**Front Drop Drills** 

**Seal Toss** 

#### **Common Errors**

#### **Seat Landing**

- Travelling in jump.
- Arms not by side.
- Shoulders dropping forward. Arms flailing for balance.
- Toes not pointed.

#### **Back Landing**

- Legs bending.
- Legs drop in landing shape.
- Toes not pointed.

#### **Front Landing**

- Tucking or piking into skill.
- Travelling in jump.
- No arm push.
- Toes not pointed.

### **Concluding Thoughts.**

- **1.** Make sure that your athletes are aware of and know what the ideal models are.
- 2. Integrate conditioning into every training session.
- **3.** Every athlete deserves the best possible chance to succeed.
- **4.** It's never to young to start preparing athletes for future skills.